UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF MICHIGAN SOUTHERN DIVISION

IN RE: CITY OF DETROIT, Docket No. 13-53846

MICHIGAN,

Detroit, Michigan November 14, 2013

Debtor. 3:40 p.m.

HEARING RE. MOTION OF DEBTOR, PURSUANT TO SECTIONS 105, 501 AND 503 OF THE BANKRUPTCY CODE AND BANKRUPTCY RULES 2002 AND 3003(c) FOR ENTRY OF AN ORDER ESTABLISHING BAR DATES FOR FILING PROOFS OF CLAIM AND APPROVING FORM AND

> MANNER OF NOTICE THEREOF BEFORE THE HONORABLE STEVEN W. RHODES UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT JUDGE

APPEARANCES:

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of Detroit:

For Assured

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THE COURT: All right. So can we move on to our next motion then set for two o'clock? And that's the bar date motion.

MR. ELLMAN: Your Honor, Jeffrey Ellman from Jones Day on behalf of the debtor. If I could have one moment to get organized.

THE COURT: Let's stand by while people clear out, and then I'm going to take appearances from everyone.

MR. ELLMAN: That would be great. Thank you.

THE COURT: Okay. May I have appearances, please?

MR. ELLMAN: Your Honor, Jeffrey Ellman from Jones
Day again on behalf of the city.

THE COURT: Yes.

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MS. NEVILLE: Carole Neville from Dentons on behalf of the Retiree Committee.

MR. KOHN: Your Honor, Samuel Kohn of Chadbourne & Parke on behalf of Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp.

MR. SHERWOOD: Your Honor, Jack Sherwood on behalf of AFSCME. Your Honor, based on discussions with the city -THE COURT: I want to get all the appearances, and

then I'll take statements.

MR. HAGE: Your Honor, Paul Hage, Jaffe, Raitt,
Heuer & Weiss, on behalf of National Public Finance Guarantee
Corporation.

MR. GORDON: Robert Gordon on behalf of the Detroit

1 Retirement Systems.

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- 2 MS. CONNOR COHEN: Carol Cohen on behalf of Ambac 3 Assurance Corporation.
- MS. TEICHER: Julie Teicher, Erman, Teicher, Miller,

 Zucker & Freedman, on behalf of the Detroit public safety

 unions.
- 7 MR. COCO: Good afternoon, your Honor. Nathan Coco 8 from McDermott, Will & Emery on behalf of U.S. Bank.
 - MR. PLECHA: Good afternoon, your Honor. Ryan Plecha on behalf of the Retiree Association parties.
- THE COURT: Mr. Sherwood, was there something you wanted to say?
 - MR. SHERWOOD: Yeah. Your Honor, based on some discussions between us and counsel for the city, we have reached a resolution with respect to language that I understand is being inserted into the order, and, accordingly, that resolves our objection. I just wanted to say it now, your Honor, because I might try to leave in about ten or fifteen minutes to catch a --
- THE COURT: Okay.
- 21 MR. SHERWOOD: -- plane, and I didn't want to -- I
 22 just wanted to get that on the record.
- THE COURT: Yeah. I appreciate that, and, of course, you can leave whenever it's convenient for you.
- MR. SHERWOOD: Thank you, your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay. And I want to begin with this question to you, Mr. Ellman.

MR. ELLMAN: Yes.

THE COURT: Have you pursued every conceivable discussion with the objecting creditors in an attempt to resolve all of their differences with the city on this issue of the bar date order?

MR. ELLMAN: I believe so, your Honor. There's always more time leads to more discussions. We have, I believe, resolved the majority of the objections. I think the -- there are a couple parties that haven't necessarily told us for sure, and I think that the monoline insurer issue is the one that is unresolved. I do have a chart I'd be happy to present to the Court that summarizes where we are with all the objections, what we did to resolve them. I also have a new blackline of the order, which I'd be happy to share with the Court and discuss.

THE COURT: Well, on the issues that you have not heard are resolved or not, do you want me to give you five minutes to see?

MR. ELLMAN: Well, I think one thing that might be useful is maybe to have the objectors indicate if they have open issues. I believe, just for the record, I can tell -THE COURT: I'd rather have them say that to you

25 privately.

MR. ELLMAN: That would be fine. I can tell you --1 2 I can tell you that the UAW is not here today, and they've 3 authorized me to say they are resolved. THE COURT: Okav. MR. ELLMAN: We've heard from AFSCME just now. 5 public safety unions and the Retiree Committee all resolved. 6 7 The Retirement Systems I believe were resolved. Mr. Gordon. MR. GORDON: Subject to my placing it on the record, 8 9 if I may, your Honor. I need to clarify something that --10 THE COURT: I need you to get by the microphone. 11 MR. GORDON: Your Honor, we were provided with a 12 redline last night and then an updated redline just at lunchtime of the proposed order and notice. 13 14 THE COURT: This is why I want to give you five 15 minutes because --16 MR. GORDON: Right. 17 THE COURT: -- I just want to know if you're settled or not and if there's something for me to resolve. 18 MR. ELLMAN: We'll take the five minutes. 19 I think 20 that's a good suggestion, your Honor. 2.1 THE COURT: Okay. 22 MR. ELLMAN: I appreciate that. 23 THE COURT: While you're discussing this in five 24 minutes, I have two issues. 25 MR. KOHN: Your Honor --

1 THE COURT: What?

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MR. KOHN: I'm sorry. Just to make the record clear, the debtor did not -- the city did not reach out to any of the monolines to resolve the monoline objections, so your Honor will have to resolve the monoline objections.

THE COURT: Great. Happy to do that for you -- MR. KOHN: Thank you.

THE COURT: -- later. My two issues are -- and I don't know if you have gotten this from others or not. It strikes me that the deadline for filing claims that you have proposed is a very short deadline. It seems to me it ought to go into February, maybe even mid- to late February.

Number two, your order proposed that claims be mailed to or delivered to the office of your claims agent in California.

MR. ELLMAN: That is correct.

THE COURT: I want you to amend that to say either there or our clerk's office.

MR. ELLMAN: We'd be happy to do that.

THE COURT: It seems to me entirely appropriate that creditors of the City of Detroit be permitted to file their proofs of claims in the City of Detroit.

MR. ELLMAN: That's perfectly fine, your Honor.

THE COURT: And then pursuant to the earlier order that appointed your claims agent, they can supply mailing and packing and shipping materials to our clerk's office, who

will then take the responsibility of shipping them to the claims agent.

MR. ELLMAN: My understanding, your Honor, is that that already does occur in real life.

THE COURT: It has.

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MR. ELLMAN: And our attempt was to relieve the burden on the clerk's office, but I understand your point. It's very fair, yeah.

THE COURT: I've discussed that with my clerk.

MR. ELLMAN: That's great.

THE COURT: And it is not an issue.

MR. ELLMAN: That is fine. And, your Honor, as you take -- as we take the five minutes and you go in the back, if you would like the updated blackline, I'd be happy to provide it if you wanted to look at it, if you are interested at all.

THE COURT: Oh, that's probably a good idea, yes.

MR. ELLMAN: I have two flavors of blacklines. One is the cumulative blackline, which is all the changes since the original filing, and we did file a reply that had a new revised draft with a blackline as well, so I also have one that shows just the interim --

THE COURT: Actually, you know what? What's most helpful to me is a new clean one. Do you have a new clean one?

MR. ELLMAN: I have a clean one as well. 1 2 THE COURT: Yes. That would be most helpful. 3 MR. ELLMAN: Would you like the blackline at all or 4 just the clean --5 THE COURT: No. Just the clean. MR. ELLMAN: I have that as well. 6 7 THE COURT: All right. We'll be in recess until four o'clock. 8 9 MR. ELLMAN: Thank you very much. THE CLERK: All rise. Court is in recess. 10 11 (Recess at 3:48 p.m. until 4:00 p.m.) 12 THE CLERK: All rise. Court is in session. Please be seated. Recalling Case Number 13-53846, City of Detroit, 13 14 Michigan. 15 MR. ELLMAN: Your Honor, Jeffrey Ellman, for the 16 record, from Jones Day on behalf of the city. Thank you for 17 the five minutes. I think I have confirmed that we are resolved with all parties other than the insurers. We have 18 19 one party that is not here, the Retired Detroit Police 20 Members Association, who has never responded to us. They 2.1 were a concurrence in the Retiree Committee's objection. 22 They were going to say a few brief words about that, but I 23 believe that will be considered resolved. 24 MS. NEVILLE: Good afternoon, your Honor. I believe

that the Retired Detroit Police Retirement Association agrees

with the changes that we've agreed to, but I would like to point out that it might be very difficult to file any kind of claim for either pension or OPEB before a plan is really on the table for us to really know what the city is doing, and, of course, we would love to see a plan that passed through unimpaired the pensions, so hopefully we wouldn't have to file a claim at all, but we have in here that we have the ability to file a protective proof of claim which is what our intent is.

THE COURT: All right.

MS. NEVILLE: Thank you. May I have your authority to leave now?

THE COURT: Yes.

MS. NEVILLE: Thank you.

MR. ELLMAN: Your Honor, Jeffrey Ellman again for the city. I don't know how you'd like to proceed at this point. I can -- we can talk about the issues you had raised or we can hear from the monolines or from me about their issue, whatever you would prefer to --

THE COURT: Whatever suits you all.

MR. ELLMAN: Okay. Well, I think --

THE COURT: Mr. Gordon would like your attention.

MR. ELLMAN: Oh, I'm sorry. Mr. Gordon, I think, wanted to make a statement about his resolution of objections --

1 THE COURT: Okay.

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2 MR. ELLMAN: -- so let's have that.

MR. GORDON: Thank you. Thank you for the indulgence, your Honor. I just want to -- it's like a housekeeping matter more than anything. In the -- sort of in the same vein as Ms. Neville was mentioning, the one concern that I had and I believe Ms. Teicher also has on behalf of her clients is that the claims that we may be filing are complex, difficult to calculate, and there may not be really sufficient time, and certainly it may depend very much on treatment under a plan, and so it is certainly possible that we may need to, in order to comply with the bar date, file claims that are essentially unliquidated claims subject to our good faith effort to liquidate that claim in due course, and we just wanted to -- we wanted to at least make a record of that that we hope that that is an acceptable placeholder as we in good faith seek to liquidate the claim. I've at least discussed this concept with Mr. Ellman. Obviously he said, you know, it'll be what it'll be, I suppose, but it is a concern for us. It's not in the order. I don't know how you would fashion language for that, but I wanted to at least express that concern.

THE COURT: Well, it's a substantial concern and it seems to me a bad idea to do anything but deal with it now because we don't want to place at risk, for example, any

retiree's claim to pension because of some ambiguity about this order or how it's -- how it was intended to be effectuated; right?

MR. GORDON: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: So what that resolution is doesn't jump off the page at me. What thoughts did you all have about that subject?

MR. GORDON: Well, quite frankly, I --

THE COURT: It seems to me it would be unjust to require any particular retiree or any particular retiree's representative to file a specific claim by -- a specific claim with a specific amount by a specific date when it's not quite possible to do that, and so we can't require the impossible. But having said that, I'm not sure I quite understand what the plan or the treatment under the plan has to do with filing a claim at all. They are entirely different concepts, and even if the plan does somehow leave pensions unimpaired, a claim has to be filed unless it's waived -- I mean unless there's a procedure for not filing a claim, but generally speaking, a claim has to be filed.

MR. GORDON: Your Honor, all fair questions. First, I would say that actually the treatment of the pension plans does affect the claims. For example, if the defined benefit plans are kept open or if there is some hybrid plan that is proposed or if the plans are closed and frozen, that all

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would affect the amounts of the claims, quite frankly.
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    That's just one example.
              THE COURT: Isn't a claim determined as of the date
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    of filing?
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              MR. GORDON: I don't know how you could in this
     instance because --
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              THE COURT: Okay. But that's a different question.
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              MR. GORDON: Yes.
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              THE COURT: Generally speaking, isn't a claim
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    determined as of filing?
              MR. GORDON: Well, I'd have to think about that.
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    mean under 3002 --
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              THE COURT: Okay.
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              MR. GORDON: -- (c)(4) there are rejection damage
     claims and so forth that there's a bar date set for those
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     that could, you know, include things that occur post -- I
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     don't know. I'd have to think about that, your Honor. I
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    understand the general concept.
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              THE COURT: Well, I think we all do.
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              MR. GORDON: Yes.
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              THE COURT: I think we all do. It may be in the
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    best interest of all concerned, including the city, for this
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    matter to have a separate later bar date for pension claims.
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              MR. GORDON: I could see the same thing with OPEB.
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THE COURT: I would encourage you to talk about

that.

2 MR. GORDON: I could see the same thing with OPEB.

I mean it's just -- I think it's difficult for individuals.

THE COURT: Yeah. I mean whatever --

MR. GORDON: Yes; right.

THE COURT: Whatever types of claims that would make sense for.

MR. GORDON: And I apologize, your Honor. I just haven't had time to research what has been done in other Chapter 9's thus far in that regard. I'd be curious what's happened in other places. I don't know what they've done because it's a difficult issue, but I'm more than happy to look at it.

THE COURT: I don't know how much you're going to find because I'm not sure other Chapter 9 cases have dealt with pension claims on this massive a scale; right? I mean that's the obstacle. That's the challenge, so I don't know.

MS. NEVILLE: Your Honor, if I may be heard, I actually have looked at how the claims are filed in other cases, and they were a significantly smaller population, so, for example, in Stockton --

THE COURT: Right.

MS. NEVILLE: -- the actuary actually calculated a claim for every retiree, but there were something like 1,200 retirees --

THE COURT: Right. 1 2 MS. NEVILLE: -- not 22,000. 3 THE COURT: Right. 4 MS. NEVILLE: But I do represent the PBGC in other cases, and I know that they file claims which are based on a 5 statutory formula for the population that is part of the 6 7 plan, and that kind of calculation could be done. Whether that's helpful or not --8 9 THE COURT: Well, but they have a -- they have a 10 statutory formula. You don't. 11 MS. NEVILLE: Yes, they do. They do. But the 12 statutory --13 THE COURT: Or do you? I don't think you do, do 14 you? 15 MS. NEVILLE: No. 16 THE COURT: No, so --17 MS. NEVILLE: But the statutory formula is kind of based on a rationale that the plan is terminated, and these 18 19 are the figures that are necessary to calculate a claim as if 20 you were going to replicate those benefits, so that's what 2.1 the formula does. And we could file a claim like that, but 22 I'm not sure that it would be that helpful. 23 THE COURT: Right. 24 MS. NEVILLE: I was just going to add one more

thing. In the cases where -- the one case that I really have

looked at that pensions were impaired, everybody filed a claim. Associations filed claims. Individuals filed claims. But, again, there were only -- there were 900 people in Central Falls.

THE COURT: Right.

MR. ELLMAN: If I could speak briefly to this, your Honor. Jeffrey Ellman for the city. The way we drafted this bar date motion at the outset on the OPEB piece of what you're discussing, I think even still now there's nothing in the bar date procedures that requires anyone to file an OPEB claim. Just doesn't because we didn't believe that that would be helpful to anyone, a burden on individuals --

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. ELLMAN: -- so that's not even in there at all.

And really no one has to file a pension claim as far as an individual. Our original draft suggested that the Retirement Systems would file the pension claim because our belief was they were the proper party to do it, and they could file a claim. They're familiar with the pension systems obviously, and they can file a claim. Whether it has to be amended later, whether it has to be conditioned --

THE COURT: This would be a claim that asserted an amount of money that the city has to pay to the plans themselves in order to fully fund the plan?

MR. ELLMAN: I presume that would be the kind of

claim they would file, yes, and that's how we set it up to make it fairly we thought less burdensome on everyone and fairly straightforward. Now, since we filed this motion, we've had a number of parties come forward and say we'd like to file an OPEB claim or pension claim, and, of course, our bar date motion didn't preclude anyone from filing any kind of claim they would like to file. If the clerk or KCC receives it, it'll be filed and might be objected to. So the revised order has a lot of stuff in there about the Retiree Committee can file a claim. That's optional. They don't have to do it. They said they would like to do it. There's no -- it wasn't because we wanted to set a bar date for that.

THE COURT: But if they would like to do it, then they are subject to the date, to the bar date.

MR. ELLMAN: Yes, I quess.

THE COURT: The deadline date.

MR. ELLMAN: I guess so. I mean there's no -- I'm not really sure it's even true because we didn't set a bar date for those kinds of claims, I guess. I mean you could say they're sort of not. It's really an option. If they'd like to file a claim, they can. That's how we looked at it. The pension systems, we did look at that as a party that was authorized to file just based on how the systems work on behalf of the systems, on behalf of the amounts they're owed, and they should file by the deadline, but the OPEB we have

concluded and the way the notices are now set up it indicates that we're going to work with all the parties who are relevant to this process to figure out the best way to establish a voting process and deal with distribution. not quite there yet. We don't have a plan filed as has been mentioned a couple times. We've acknowledged that, I think, in our reply as well. When we have a plan in place and we can talk to everyone, we can figure out the best way to -whether it's estimation or 3018 so people can vote or something else, I don't know. I don't think we need to preclude anyone right now, but this was the biggest area of concern among the objecting parties obviously in an area we were very sensitive to, and the last thing we wanted to do is create something that was a special burden especially on the retirees and employees at this point or to create an obligation that was unfair or impossible, so we tried to straddle that line that way, and I think that kind of works. THE COURT: Mr. Gordon, why is it a burden on your

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THE COURT: Mr. Gordon, why is it a burden on your client to file a claim by whatever date we're going to agree upon here?

MR. GORDON: Well, your Honor, in a vacuum it's difficult to say whether it's a burden or not. What I indicated was that if for some reason it's not feasible to really have calculated the claim because it is complex and it does depend on the proposed treatment of the plans and so

forth and how clear that is --1 2 THE COURT: I don't see that at all. 3 MR. GORDON: It is. I mean underfunding liability 4 is completely contingent upon how you treat the plans, whether they stay open or don't stay open. I mean that's 5 just a fact. That's an actuarial fact. 6 THE COURT: But that's like saying in a Chapter 11 8 case the amount of my claim depends on how it's treated in 9 the plan. 10 MR. GORDON: No, it's --11 THE COURT: Absolutely not. 12 MR. GORDON: It's not. It depends on -- this is --13 it could be the difference between having a rejection damage claim or not a rejection damage claim, but if the plans stay 14 open, the cost of funding them is one thing. If the plans 15 16 don't stay open, the cost is something else. I don't know 17 which one it is. I just don't know which one it is. we're more than happy to --18 19 THE COURT: No, no, no. I don't buy that for a 20 On the date of filing, how much money did the city second. 21 owe your clients -- your client? How much was it? 22 MR. GORDON: There are two, two pensions. 23 THE COURT: Yeah. Okay. How much was it? 24 MR. GORDON: In terms of employer contributions due

on that day, somewhere north --

THE COURT: That's the number that goes in your proof of claim, period. You're done.

MR. GORDON: Until the plan -- okay. I see what you're saying.

THE COURT: If you want to amend it later, we'll deal with that --

MR. GORDON: Okay.

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THE COURT: -- but how much did they owe you on the day the case was filed?

MR. GORDON: I understand the viewpoint, and we can do that.

THE COURT: All right. So I think it is appropriate to set a deadline for that, and --

MR. GORDON: That's fine.

THE COURT: -- unless you want a different deadline, we'll go with the general deadline. As to other retirees and other retiree associations, I agree with the concept of keeping that open and making it entirely optional. That's the best way to handle that.

MR. GORDON: That's fine, your Honor, and I -obviously I -- in our response to the bar date motion, we
suggested that -- it's kind of ironic. Some people would
argue that the Retirement Systems shouldn't file a claim and
that the -- a union that represents a small portion of the
retirees or something should file a claim when we're the only

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ones who actually in our own right have a claim to assert on
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    behalf of the Retirement Systems, but we certainly in our
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    response said it ought to be made clear that all retirees can
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     file claims but that if they don't file claims, there's a
     separate issue there that they shouldn't be precluded from
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    being able to vote on a plan later.
              THE COURT: Right. I absolutely agree with that.
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              MR. GORDON: Fair enough.
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              THE COURT: Absolutely.
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              MR. GORDON: The only other thing --
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              THE COURT: And we should say that in the order.
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     it isn't clear in the proposed order, it should --
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              MR. GORDON: And Mr. Ellman --
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              THE COURT: -- it should be crystal clear.
              MR. GORDON: And Mr. Ellman has made that clear.
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     The only other thing, you know, I guess reasonable minds
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     could differ is, you know, if you allow people to file
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     claims, some will and some won't, and --
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              THE COURT: Fine.
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              MR. GORDON: -- I don't even know if they'll know
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    how to calculate their claim, but --
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              THE COURT: Of course, of course.
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              MR. GORDON: -- so be it.
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              THE COURT: Right. You know, we'll deal with that.
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     No retiree will be denied any voting rights or pension rights
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because they don't file their own claim. I want that crystal
clear.

MR. GORDON: Understood.

THE COURT: Absolutely.

MR. GORDON: Thank you, your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay. So what's left?

MR. ELLMAN: Well, maybe it's worthwhile just since we're on this topic just -- if I could point out just the five, I think, major things we did in --

THE COURT: Okav.

MR. ELLMAN: -- the document so you're aware of them because we're talking about one of the main ones, which was to clarify in multiple places that retirees and employees do not need to file a claim of these kinds and that their rights to vote on the plan or seek distributions, whatever they might be, are preserved, so there are a number of places in the document. I'd be happy to point those out to your Honor. In fact, at the end of the presentation, I do have a little chart that goes through all the objections of where we made the changes which you might like to have. I'd be happy to present it if it's useful to you.

THE COURT: No. That's all right. I'm just going to --

MR. ELLMAN: That's fine.

25 THE COURT: -- finish my review of the clean copy.

MR. ELLMAN: There was a suggestion that employees should not have to file claims for ordinary compensation, their regular wages, and we agreed that that was prudent, and there is now a provision in the order and in the notice saying if you just have a -- you're owed wages, you don't have to worry about it.

This notion about people being permitted to file claims and someone prohibited, we made very clear in a couple places in bold and italics anyone who wants to file a claim you're able to do it, no prohibition.

Oh, and the thing we talked about, the optional claims by all the various unions and Retiree Committee, their ability to file claims, again, there's specific paragraphs right now in the order for -- everyone wanted a paragraph, so for UAW, et cetera, et cetera, we have those.

And the last thing was the date because I believe it was the Retirement Systems that said, well, maybe we should move the date a little bit past the holidays, past the 21st, and so they suggested the 28th of January, which we thought was, again, prudent to move it back a day -- or a week. Excuse me. In response to your Honor's question, we're sensitive to wanting to move the process along without delay getting the bar date order on file, getting the bar date notices out, and setting a date that we thought was prompt but was absolutely not cutting anyone's time short. We

weren't going to ask for 21 days or whatever the minimum is in 2002, so we determined that people would get at least 60 days under this process. Another week would -- I guess that's 67 days -- I think would be -- I think that's sufficient, in my opinion. Obviously if the Court feels more time is useful or necessary, then I would suggest we move the date back as --

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THE COURT: Well, how would it prejudice your client or the process to give another month, for example?

MR. ELLMAN: The prejudice to the process, and, of course, the process is not fully defined, but we have a limited time frame in some respects, so getting those claims in, starting to look at them, being prepared for whatever solicitation might occur, the claims list in this case, which is like the schedules, which I for whatever reason brought with me -- it's in a box. It's gigantic. It's going to be extremely -- I think there's well over a hundred thousand people on that list. I don't know how many claims we're going to get, but I am concerned that it's going to be a very large project to organize those claims, and so I don't want to cut people short in filing the claims. I don't want to cut us short in however much time it takes us to get the claims organized especially now there will be claims going to two different places. I don't think that really adds a lot of time to it, but I'm -- the main point is just the volume

of it I think is going to be substantial, so --1 2 THE COURT: Let's figure this out. When would you 3 foresee sending out notice? 4 MR. ELLMAN: Of the bar date? Within five business days. We gave ourselves a little wiggle room in the order. 5 I think it says five business days or as soon thereafter as 6 7 is practicable, but our claims agent says they can get it out in five business days from whenever your Honor signs the 8 9 piece of paper. 10 THE COURT: Okay. So if it's signed tomorrow, that 11 would be by the 22nd. 12 MR. ELLMAN: Would be one week. One week, yeah. 13 It's next Friday. If you sign it on Friday, it would be the 14 next Friday. 15 THE COURT: Okay. MR. ELLMAN: And that would give people 60 -- I 16 17 don't have the math in front of me but 67 or so days I'm guessing if you use the 28th of January as the end date. 18 19 THE COURT: All right. I'm going to suggest 20 February 21st. 2.1 MR. ELLMAN: "Suggest" meaning that's your ruling? 22 THE COURT: Meaning order, yes. That's it. 23 MR. ELLMAN: February 21st? 24 THE COURT: Yes.

MR. ELLMAN: That's fine. One -- actually, I think

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maybe two points just to follow up on something your Honor
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    said about the filing here in Detroit at the clerk's office.
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    I think it would be appropriate -- we had set a time for
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    filing of 5 p.m. eastern time. There's some discussion of if
    California should be Pacific time or something else, but I
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     think if we're using the Detroit clerk's office, it probably
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    should be 4 p.m., which --
              THE COURT:
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                         4 p.m.
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              MR. ELLMAN: -- I believe is when they close, so --
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              THE COURT: Yep. 4 p.m.
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             MR. ELLMAN: -- I would suggest that change.
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              THE COURT: Yes.
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              MR. ELLMAN: And I assume we're not using any kind
    of electronic filing. I think that's obvious, but --
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              THE COURT: You need to say that.
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              MR. ELLMAN: -- it was asked of me during the break,
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    and I assume that there's no --
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              THE COURT: Right. I saw in the order no electronic
    and no facsimile.
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              MR. ELLMAN: That's going to be all the same.
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              THE COURT: Absolutely, all paper.
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              MR. ELLMAN: Okay. So that covers all of that, so
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     that's what we did in the order. I think the last issue then
     is the monoline issue, which I'd be happy to address.
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THE COURT: Before we go there --

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MR. ELLMAN: Okav. 1 2 THE COURT: -- the form of the notice that people 3 get --4 MR. ELLMAN: Yes. 5 THE COURT: -- that's in here --MR. ELLMAN: It is. 6 7 THE COURT: -- or attached? MR. ELLMAN: It is attached, and what we tried to 9 do, your Honor -- I don't think we were able to successfully 10 hide the fact that it was written by a lawyer, unfortunately. 11 THE COURT: Well, that was going to be my question. 12 MR. ELLMAN: But what we tried to do -- and you can 13 assess if it's successful -- it was important to us to put --14 we drafted the notice just the way we thought it would be 15 appropriate, and at the front of the notice we put in a 16 little box, something that we hoped would be, you know, the 17 simple summary of the key points for the key parties, including the retirees and the employees. We tried. 18 Some of 19 the comments we got from the objecting parties were, gee, 20 it's not that clear. If we make it better -- always happy to 2.1 make it better. Sometimes hard to get out of the mind of 22 being a lawyer and writing something that people will 23 appreciate and understand but also be precise and accurate. That's the challenge. So we tried to do that. I think it's 24 25 pretty good, but that was the attempt. There are a couple

other places in the text where we put a little box around something to say, you know, please read this, and it's intended to be kind of simpler.

THE COURT: You know, I can't emphasize enough the importance of plain English in this document.

MR. ELLMAN: I understand completely, your Honor.

THE COURT: I have to say I wish you had an eighth-grade English teacher on staff to edit this for you. Any ideas?

MR. ELLMAN: Well, our --

THE COURT: It's not plain English.

MR. ELLMAN: Well, as I said, our idea was to try to write the notice in the sort of more typical legal language and have a summary at the front that helped people. I can tell your Honor doesn't feel that we've accomplished that, but that was our goal. Now, we can certainly take another attempt at doing that. I do feel like the best way to write a precise legal notice and also have something for the public is to have a -- something at the front that is shorter.

THE COURT: Well, for example, in your second bullet point in the summary -- have you got it there?

MR. ELLMAN: I will, yes. Yes, I do. I have it.

THE COURT: If you need to file a claim against the city, the deadline for most claimants is January 28, and then you've got your date and time there.

MR. ELLMAN: Right. And I did one comment on that during the break that we were going to change that to say the general deadline is January 28th instead of for most claimants. That's one minor change that we talked about during a break. I don't know if that solves your concern, but --

THE COURT: It strikes me that the more plain English way to say that is "you must file your claim by."

MR. ELLMAN: We can certainly write it that way.

THE COURT: But I don't bring this up to ask you to make that change. I bring this up to ask you to go through this entire document to simplify the language to the greatest extent possible while still being accurate.

MR. ELLMAN: Well, let me ask your Honor --

THE COURT: I mean I understand that you want to get this out, but what I don't want to get and what you don't want to get are late filed claims because people didn't understand this document.

MR. ELLMAN: I appreciate that, your Honor, although I would say that having the details are going to be helpful to a lot of people who are going to get this document because often significant creditors will get this who are -- who do have lawyers and do understand these kinds of -- this looks like a lot of what these kinds of notices look like, so I still maintain that the most helpful thing --

THE COURT: All right. I'm not going to order you to do anything. This is just me suggesting and truly suggesting, but I'm just -- I'm concerned about minimizing confusion because we've got, you know, a very broad cross-section --

MR. ELLMAN: I agree.

THE COURT: -- of creditors who are going to get this, and the more understandable it is, the easier our jobs will be in the future, all of us.

MR. ELLMAN: I understand, your Honor. Like I said at the beginning, it was one of our concerns, and, like I said, we didn't really necessarily hide that it was written by lawyers. We tried to make it a little better. We will go through it at the Court's request and find places where we can improve upon it.

THE COURT: All right.

MR. ELLMAN: One of the issues we have, just so the Court is aware, is that a lot of the language is -- the language that is in this document is the way it is because that's how we negotiated people resolving their, you know --

THE COURT: All right.

MR. ELLMAN: This is the challenge we have with it because everyone wants it to be simpler, but they also want their extra language in it, so, you know, we have to undo some of that to --

THE COURT: All right. I think --1 2 MR. ELLMAN: -- make it easier to read. THE COURT: Realistically, the most important thing 3 4 to try to simplify is the summary. 5 MR. ELLMAN: Well, that's what I would like to do. 6 THE COURT: I think, you know, I would be surprised 7 if more than a great percentage get past the first page. 8 MR. ELLMAN: My suggestion would be exactly that, 9 and I think we can do better. And maybe for each section of 10 the note is to have something in a box that says this section 11 is about this --12 THE COURT: Right; right. MR. ELLMAN: -- and help them navigate through it. 1.3 14 That's my suggestion --15 THE COURT: Right. MR. ELLMAN: -- and we'll work on doing that. 16 17 THE COURT: Let's get to the last issue then. MR. ELLMAN: Let's get to the last issue, the 18 monoline issue. So for the -- for certain of the bonds we 19 20 have a trustee who can file a claim, and for the certificates of participation we have that. And so we have a party under 2.1 22 3003(c)(1), trustee, who can file a claim. We have some of 23 the unsecured bonds. We don't really have that. We have a 24 paying agent. Paying agent says they're not going to file a 25 claim. They don't feel like they have -- they don't

represent the parties. The monolines contacted us, and I agree. We didn't really have much of a discussion because we didn't have really a lot to tell them as far as ideas. said they would like to file the claim and not have the bondholders get notice for filing the claim, and we said that sounds like a great idea. We'd love to do something that's simpler, but we could never quite figure out on what basis they could represent that group today and file the claim on their behalf and we would not give notice to that group, and we felt that under the circumstances it was better due processwise and noticewise to simply give notice to the bondholders and allow them to file a claim if they so choose. They don't have to. We have a claim scheduled or listed on our claims list in a liquidated amount for the entire series. I'm sure that the insurers will file a claim. certainly permitted to do, as I've said a couple of times, so that is where we ended up. I heard a little bit during the break, I guess, sort of for the first time that -- and I quess we'll hear this argument in a moment that the process of soliciting the bondholders through DTC and getting the institutional holders and soliciting down to the beneficial holders, that that will not work. We don't have a reason to believe it won't work. It obviously takes an extra step and it costs a little bit of money to do, but our view is that was an appropriate thing to do in the absence of anyone that

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we could identify really did speak definitively for these people because otherwise they're not on our claims list. They're not going to get this notice, and they're not going to have any way to file a claim if they were to so choose, so that was our approach to it, your Honor, and that's what we propose to do.

THE COURT: Thank you.

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Thank you, your Honor. Samuel Kohn of MR. KOHN: Chadbourne & Parke on behalf of Assured Guaranty Municipal The reason why the monolines are raising this is not so much for their own self-interest. This is not the reason why we're raising it. It's not that Assured or National or Ambac are going to lose a lot of money because of this. That's not the reason. The reason why we're bringing it up is because we, our three respective clients, have been in every Chapter 9 case in the last three years. And I've canvassed -- we've canvassed them. Every single Chapter 9 case in the last three -- in modern history, not one, not one -- and I'll list them for your Honor -- the City of Vallejo in June of 2010; Connector 2000 in June of 2010; the City of Central Falls, Rhode Island, August of 2011; Jefferson County, Alabama, April 2012; City of Stockton, California, June of 2013; City of San Bernardino, California, October of 2013. Not one required a proof of claim to be filed by an individual bondholder, and the question is why.

Why would that be? And the reason is is because --

THE COURT: The city isn't going to -- isn't proposing to require that here, is it?

MR. KOHN: Yes, because there's a bar date. The way I read the order, if you're required to file a proof of claim, you are going to be barred.

THE COURT: I thought, Mr. Ellman, didn't you say that individual bondholders are not required to file proof of claim -- proofs of claim?

MR. ELLMAN: They would be --

MR. KOHN: That's not what the order says. I'm sorry.

MR. ELLMAN: I'm sorry. Your Honor, they would be subject to the bar date. What I was trying to express is that if they did not file a claim, we have listed -- scheduled a liquidated noncontingent undisputed amount, so if they did not file a claim, they would not be left without a claim. I think this will work itself out. I mean this is in a sense --

THE COURT: All right. You've answered my question. I'll hear from you.

MR. KOHN: If I make one or two more points, your Honor, the people that are going to be prejudiced by this are not the institutional holders. It's not going to be the Barclays. It's not going to be the banks. It's going to be

the individual moms and pops that are going -- never -- that have never gotten a proof of claim to send in for a bond, for their claim of bond. They've gotten voting and solicitation for distribution purposes. I personally have been working on the Jefferson County case with the city's claims agent. It took six months. Your Honor, if you go to details about what has to happen, there is -- DTC has something called a global certificate. There are 25 series of GO's. Each of those 25 series of general obligation bonds has a global certificate. Then there's a CUSIP, and then there's something called a contra-CUSIP, and then there's something called DWAC'ing. Ιt was a mechanical nightmare just for voting and solicitation, which was required under the Code. There was no other way. Here the city is going to do it twice. They're going to do it in the proof of claim process, and they're going to do it in the voting process, so right away KCC is going to have double the fees to the city, is going to incur -- the city is going to incur twice as much fees as they would have if they've just -- if they've just not solicited at all or not -- I'm sorry -- not sent any proofs of claim to any of the bondholders at all. Now, they say what's the authority. Well, first of all, there's Bankruptcy Rule 3005(a). THE COURT: What happens if I sustain your position?

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What happens to their claims?

MR. KOHN: Their claims are allowed. Their claims

are -- subject to the plan, their claims would be allowed. 1 2 What's going to --THE COURT: Allowed in what amount? 3 4 MR. KOHN: Allowed in the amount that they were scheduled, that is owed on the books of -- on the books of 5 the debtor right now. What's going to happen if you -- your 6 7 Honor is --THE COURT: So the debtor has already agreed to 8 9 that? 10 MR. KOHN: Yeah, but -- the debtor has already 11 agreed to what? The debtor agreed that if an individual 12 bondholder does not file the proof of claim -- the way I read 13 the order, if you're required to file the proof of claim, you are barred from asserting any claim against the city right 14 15 now that's going to be substantive rights effective right 16 You couldn't vote, and you can't receive --17 THE COURT: Mr. Ellman told me that the claim will be allowed in the amount in the schedule of claims. 18 19 MR. KOHN: As unsecured. I don't know. 20 THE COURT: Isn't that what you said? 2.1 MR. ELLMAN: Yes. Well, to start --22 THE COURT: Yes. 23 MR. ELLMAN: Yes. 24 MR. KOHN: And what happens if --25 THE COURT: It doesn't sound to me like the two of

you disagree except on the point of whether a bondholder is 1 2 given the opportunity to file a claim if they want to file a 3 claim. 4 MR. ELLMAN: Correct. 5 MR. KOHN: But why would you do that? If they're allowed, why --6 7 THE COURT: Because it's a free country. That's 8 why. 9 MR. KOHN: No, no, no. But it's going to be a mess. It's really going to be a mess. If you go ahead and you 10 11 solicit and send through institutional -- the institutional 12 nominees are not geniuses. They're back office push-button 13 people, and this is the problem we're dealing with. 14 THE COURT: That's encouraging to hear. 15 Seriously, seriously. If bondholders are MR. KOHN: 16 prejudiced at any point because of this order right now --17 and that's what we're saying. If they're not prejudiced, 18 that's fine. 19 THE COURT: Okay. 20 If they say --MR. KOHN: 2.1 THE COURT: But I need you to tell me how you think 22 they're going to be prejudiced --23 MR. KOHN: If let's say --24 THE COURT: -- because I don't hear it yet. 25 MR. KOHN: If let's say the monolines win and say --

1 THE COURT: Win what?

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MR. KOHN: Win the issue of whether or not the GO -what they call unsecured is secured. They're going to say,
"Wait a second. You should have filed your claim to say it's
secured because we scheduled you as unsecured." So their
substantive right -- what's going to happen is you're going
to have some GO's that are going to be allowed based on the
debtor as unsecured and not as secured. We filed a complaint
recently. I'm not sure if your Honor had a chance to read it
yet, but --

THE COURT: I saw your complaint.

MR. KOHN: Yeah. One of the issues is that --

THE COURT: Your complaint doesn't assert that those claims are secured.

MR. KOHN: Well, they -- we assert that the revenues need to be set aside and we need to be paid.

THE COURT: The word "secured" isn't in there, is it?

MR. KOHN: We reserved our right. We reserved our right to assert in a footnote -- I hope your Honor read it -- to assert that --

THE COURT: Apparently not.

MR. KOHN: Okay. I'm not sure you did. If the order makes clear -- if the order makes clear that no matter what a bondholder does, the treatment in the plan will be

pursuant to the confirmation order whether they're secured or unsecured, that's fine, but it has to be made clear in paragraph 15 that even if a GO holder does not file a proof of claim, they're not subject to the bar of Section -- of paragraph 15. If the city agrees to that, that's fine. We could stand down.

MR. ELLMAN: They will be subject to the bar to the extent they have other kinds of claims they want to raise. If their claim is simply for their principal and interest and it's part of what we've scheduled, they'll still get that claim whether they file anything or not because it's there. I presume that there's nothing we can put on our list of claims that would overrule a court subsequent determination about the treatment of tax revenues or anything else. That's not intended. Our concern was -- these are all good points, and we would -- and our first reaction was we would -- we embrace this idea. It's less work for us. It's less money. But at least for me we haven't gotten comfortable not to get nervous.

THE COURT: I guess I'm not sure why we can't do everything here. I think, as a matter of due process, we have to give anyone who we can reasonably determine is a creditor a reasonable opportunity to file a claim, but at the same time we can say that if the Court determines that a given class of claims is secured or entitled to some kind of

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special treatment, we will afford them that treatment even if
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     their claim came in differently.
             MR. KOHN: Yeah. So I just don't --
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              THE COURT: Can we do that?
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              MR. KOHN: I just don't understand the city's
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    position --
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              THE COURT: Hold on.
              MR. KOHN: -- for a second --
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              THE COURT: Hold on.
              MR. KOHN: -- because --
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              THE COURT: Can you agree to that?
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              MR. KOHN: Yeah. I could agree --
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              THE COURT: Can you agree to that?
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              MR. ELLMAN: Yes, your Honor.
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              MR. KOHN: Yeah, but I --
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              THE COURT: We're done.
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              MR. KOHN: No. Your Honor --
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              THE COURT: We're done. You win.
              MR. KOHN: Okay. You may say I win, but don't
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     solicit -- don't send the proofs of claims to the moms and
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     pops. Don't do -- I'm asking the city not to do that.
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              THE COURT:
                         No. I'm sorry. I'm sorry.
                                                       We have to.
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     As a matter -- as a matter of constitutional due process, we
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    have to try.
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              MR. KOHN: It never happened before.
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1 THE COURT: Okay. We have to try.

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MR. KOHN: There's Bankruptcy Rule 3005(a) that says that we can file on their behalf. They couldn't find an authority. We did. And Bankruptcy Rule 3005(a) says, okay, if they don't file a proof of claim within 30 days, then the guarantor or surety can file on their behalf, but your Honor is using 105(a) to say that the UAL Healthcare people do not have to file a claim.

THE COURT: Well, but hold on.

MR. KOHN: The employees don't have to --

THE COURT: There's nothing in what I just said that precludes you from filing a claim, whatever claim you want under the rule.

MR. KOHN: Yeah, but why can't the order just say they don't have to file a proof of claim? Under 105 their claim is allowed as scheduled. That's it, period.

THE COURT: For the simple reason that it's a free country, and if they want to file a claim in the bankruptcy case that affects them, how can I prevent that?

MR. KOHN: But then the bar -- then the language in paragraph 15 has to be crystal clear.

MS. CONNOR COHEN: May I be heard, your Honor?

THE COURT: I would invite -- I would invite your participation with the city on clarifying that.

MS. CONNOR COHEN: One last point, your Honor,

please. I know you've had enough of this. 1 2 THE COURT: Yeah. 3 MS. CONNOR COHEN: I just want to point out on 4 behalf of Ambac that we actually have a contractual right to act on behalf of the insured bondholders of the series that 5 6 we insure both for purposes of voting and for purposes of filing claims, and if the city had contacted us, we would 8 have tried to work something out with them on an exception 9 that would say that, and that's all we would like is that 10 the -- there be an exception that says that our bondholders don't have to file proofs of claim. 11 12 THE COURT: No. If they want to file a proof of 13 claim, they file it. If you want to object to it on the grounds that you have control over it, you do that. 14 15 MS. CONNOR COHEN: I'm not going to object to it. 16 assume the city will object to it because we'll file on 17 behalf of all covered bonds. 18 THE COURT: This is just about filing claims. 19 MS. CONNOR COHEN: Okay. 20 THE COURT: This is not about ruling on anything. 2.1 MR. KOHN: Right. 22 THE COURT: This is just filing claims, folks. Work 23 it out. 24

MS. CONNOR COHEN: Thank you.

MR. KOHN:

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So just as a matter of clarification --

MR. KOHN: -- if the orders -- if the order should 1 2 make crystal clear that if a bondholder does not file a proof 3 of claim, they will never be barred -- they're not barred by this process from what's stated in paragraph 15 at all. 5 THE COURT: I'm sorry. And what's in 15? Let's have a look at that. 6 MR. ELLMAN: Paragraph 15 of --THE COURT: Hold on one second. 8 9 MR. KOHN: Paragraph 15 of your order. 10 THE COURT: Yeah. Hold on. 11 MR. KOHN: Pursuant to Section 105(a), whoever fails 12 to properly file a claim by the bar date shall be forever 13 barred and estopped from making any -- asserting any claims against the city in an amount that the -- voting upon, 14 15 receiving distribution under any plan of adjustment. 16 THE COURT: You must have a different paragraph 15 17 than I do. 18 MR. ELLMAN: Paragraph 21, your Honor, I think, in the newer draft. 19 20 MR. KOHN: Oh, I don't have -- I was not --21 THE COURT: Okay. Okay. 22 MR. KOHN: Nobody gave me a newer draft. 23 THE COURT: All right. Hold on one second. MR. ELLMAN: I gave it to you earlier. 24

MR. KOHN: When did you give it to me?

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THE COURT: Hold on. Hold on. 1 2 MR. KOHN: I never got it. 3 MR. ELLMAN: I sent it to you a couple --4 MS. CONNOR COHEN: Here. I did. 5 MR. ELLMAN: It is 21. THE COURT: Well, if it doesn't say in here that an 6 7 entity that doesn't file a claim will get the claim if it's listed as liquidated in your --8 9 MR. ELLMAN: It does, though. That's what this 10 paragraph says. You're barred if you have to file a claim 11 and you don't. If you already have a claim --12 THE COURT: Point that language out to me. MR. ELLMAN: Well, it says -- I have to read this 13 14 for a second. I'm sorry, your Honor. Well, it says, "Any 15 entity that is required to file a proof of claim --16 THE COURT: Okay. So where does it say the claim 17 is --18 MR. ELLMAN: -- but that fails to properly do so" --19 so you get to (a), asserting a claim against the city in an 20 amount that exceeds the amount identified in the claims as 21 undisputed, noncontingent, liquidated, so if they want to ask 22 for more than we've scheduled, they have to file a claim. 23 they want to ask for a different class than we've scheduled,

they have to file a claim. So that's where that language is,

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your Honor.

MR. KOHN: So why couldn't you just say that they're 1 2 not required? Take them out of the list that's required to file. 3 MR. ELLMAN: They're not required to file. 5 MR. KOHN: They are in the list that they're 6 required to file. MR. ELLMAN: If they want to assert something different, they are required to file. This is the 8 9 distinction. 10 MR. KOHN: No. That's not what it says here. 11 THE COURT: No. It is. It's just --12 MR. ELLMAN: That is what it says. I mean it's 13 written in this legalese that --14 MR. KOHN: No. It says --15 THE COURT: No. I'm going to -- I'm going to 16 suggest that -- is paragraph 8 the one where you list the 17 people not required to file proofs of claim? 18 MR. ELLMAN: It may be. It sounds familiar. 19 Looking for the final paragraph. 20 THE COURT: Page 7? MR. ELLMAN: Yeah. I'm trying to find it, your 21 22 Honor. Yes, yes. Maybe we should list them as --23 THE COURT: Yes. 24 MR. ELLMAN: If they are happy to accept the --25 THE COURT: Yes.

MR. ELLMAN: -- claims amount --1 2 THE COURT: They don't have to file a proof of claim 3 if they accept the amount and -- I guess the word is "class" -- that you have asserted in your list of claims. 4 5 MR. KOHN: But not treatment. MS. CONNOR COHEN: But then --6 7 THE COURT: But what? 8 MR. KOHN: Not treatment as unsecured, not 9 treatment. 10 THE COURT: Right. That's subject to --11 MR. KOHN: Right. 12 THE COURT: -- all your litigation. 13 MR. KOHN: Okay. Great. Thank you. 14 THE COURT: All right. 15 That's all we want. MR. KOHN: 16 THE COURT: But I do think it's important to make 17 those changes, have it approved as to form by both counsel 18 here and then submit it to the Court in the electronic order 19 processing program. 20 MR. ELLMAN: That would be fine. And like I said, 21 the one thing that I do anticipate being challenged, not to 22 repeat myself, but is trying to make the words easier to read 23 without undoing the agreements among the parties. 24 THE COURT: Just do the best you can. 25 MR. ELLMAN: And so I think we'll have to write

- around the words we've agreed to and try to fix it up otherwise.
- THE COURT: But primarily I want you to focus on the summary.
- MR. ELLMAN: Which, you know -- but it does have -some of that summary is language that was to resolve
 objections, so we'll do our best. I'll just commit to that,
 your Honor.
 - THE COURT: Well, but I don't want you to submit this order for approval as to form to anyone other than your two objecting parties here. I don't want you to recirculate it to everyone.
- MR. ELLMAN: You do not. Okay.
- 14 THE COURT: No. No, no, no. That'll take forever.
- MR. ELLMAN: It will. It's a typical thing we would do, but we will take that instruction.
- THE COURT: Yeah. I want you to -- I want you to -
 18 counsel, I want you to turn this around right away. That's

 19 it.
- MR. ELLMAN: Thank you, your Honor.
- 21 MR. HAGE: Your Honor, one point.
- 22 THE COURT: What?

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- MR. HAGE: Just to be clear, there's actually three parties, National Public --
- THE COURT: There's two.

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MR. HAGE: Well --
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              THE COURT: One, two.
             MR. HAGE: But National Public Finance --
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              THE COURT: One, two.
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              ATTORNEY: They filed a joinder.
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              MR. HAGE: But we joined in the objection. I just
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    didn't jump into the pool of the oral arguments.
              THE COURT: And I appreciate that, but you don't
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    need to review language. They're going to review it for you.
              MR. KOHN: We'll see. Will do. We'll send it to
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    you guys.
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              THE COURT: I don't want this held up. Do you hear
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    me?
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              MR. KOHN: Okay.
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              MS. CONNOR COHEN: Except that I've missed my plane,
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     so I'm going to be home at one o'clock in the morning, so --
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              THE COURT: Oh, I'm so sorry.
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              MS. CONNOR COHEN: -- it'll be tomorrow.
              THE COURT: All right. If you have any issues, get
19
20
    me on the phone, seriously. I want this in. We're done.
2.1
              MR. ELLMAN: Thank you, your Honor.
22
              THE CLERK: All rise. Court is adjourned.
23
         (Proceedings concluded at 4:46 p.m.)
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INDEX

WITNESSES:

None

EXHIBITS:

None

I certify that the foregoing is a correct transcript from the sound recording of the proceedings in the above-entitled matter.

/s/ Lois Garrett

November 19, 2013

Lois Garrett